



Rhodesians Worldwide
RHODESIA AND NYASALAND ARMY

CEREMONIAL PARADE

*Farewell to The Federal Prime Minister
The Right Honourable Sir Roy Welensky,
K.C.M.G., M.P.*

GLAMIS STADIUM, SALISBURY

8th DECEMBER, 1963

Rhodesians

Worldwide

*Her Majesty
Queen Elizabeth II*



Rhodesians World

*The Acting Governor-General
and Commander-in-Chief
and Governor of Southern Rhodesia,
His Excellency,
The Hon. Sir Humphrey Gibbs,
K.C.M.G., O.B.E.*



Rhodesians Worldwide

*The Federal Prime Minister,
The Rt. Hon. Sir Roy Welensky,
K.C.M.G., M.P.*



REVIEWING OFFICER

The Federal Prime Minister
The Rt. Hon. Sir Roy Welensky, K.C.M.G., M.P.

OFFICERS ON DUTY

The Chief of General Staff
Major General J. Anderson, C.B.E.

The Chief of Air Staff
Air Vice Marshal A. M. Bentley, C.B.E., A.F.C.

Parade Commander
Brigadier R. R. J. Putterill, O.B.E., A.D.C.
Deputy Chief of General Staff and Chief of Staff

Parade Adjutant
Lieutenant Colonel G. P. Walls, M.B.E.
The Northern Rhodesia Regiment

Officer Commanding the Escort
Major P. F. Miller
Rhodesian Armoured Car Regiment (Selous Scouts)

Commander Southern Rhodesia District
Brigadier R. A. G. Prentice, O.B.E.

Commander Northern Rhodesia District
Brigadier C. M. Grigg, M.C.

Commander 1 Brigade
Colonel T. N. S. Reid, O.B.E.

Commander 2 Brigade
Colonel C. B. McCullagh, O.B.E.

Commander Bulawayo Area
Colonel J. S. Salt

Massed Bands
Under the direction of Lieutenant (Bandmaster) L. P. Smith, D.C.M.
2nd Battalion Kings African Rifles

Co-ordinating Officer
Major M. E. Wheaton
Rhodesia and Nyasaland Infantry

*The Deputy Prime Minister,
Minister of Economic Affairs,
Minister of Defence and
Minister of Power*
The Hon. Sir Malcom Barrow,
C.B.E., M.P.



Foreword by the Minister of Defence

It is naturally with very mixed feelings that I will be watching this final parade of the Rhodesia and Nyasaland Army, but it is indeed a fitting tribute that such a parade should be held in honour of the Federal Prime Minister.

The Federal Army has built up a magnificent tradition and standard of morale and efficiency in the ten short years of Federation.

Although this force is now to be split, I am confident that its members will serve in their new roles with the Governments of Her Majesty's Service to the same high degree that they served the Federal Government, and I would like to take this opportunity of wishing them well in their future careers.

PARADE STATE

The Rhodesia and Nyasaland Army is represented on Parade by—

No. 1 Detachment

The Rhodesia and Nyasaland Corps of Engineers and
The Rhodesia and Nyasaland Corps of Signals

No. 2 Detachment

1st Battalion The Kings African Rifles (Central Africa Rifles)

No. 3 Detachment

2nd Battalion The Kings African Rifles (Central Africa Rifles)

No. 4 Detachment

1st Battalion The Northern Rhodesia Regiment

No. 5 Detachment

1st Battalion The Rhodesian African Rifles

No. 6 Detachment

1st Battalion The Rhodesian Light Infantry

No. 7 Detachment

'C' Squadron The Rhodesian Special Air Service Regiment

No. 8 Detachment

Representing the Territorial Force: Depot The Royal Rhodesia Regiment

No. 9 Detachment

Rhodesia and Nyasaland Army Services Corps

Keeping the Ground

The Rhodesia and Nyasaland Medical Corps
The Rhodesia and Nyasaland Army Pay Corps

Escort to the Reviewing Officer

The Rhodesian Armoured Car Regiment (Selous Scouts)

FOREWORD

by

Major General J. Anderson, C.B.E.

*Chief of General Staff
Rhodesia and Nyasaland Army*



Today is for us a memorable but sad occasion. Memorable in that we have all units of the Rhodesia and Nyasaland Army represented on parade, but sad because it is the last time that this will happen, and because we are saying farewell to the Federal Prime Minister—who has played such a prominent part in building up and equipping our Army to what it is today.

The officers and men of the Army are proud of their association with Sir Roy and will always treasure the memory of one who showed the keenest interest in our activities and who gave us his unlimited support, whatever the circumstances.

To Sir Roy and Lady Welensky we say 'Farewell' and wish them the very best in the future.

To all ranks of the Army, many of whom will be serving in other Armies, I would like to say that we hope to continue some form of affiliation with you, even if only through the medium of sporting activities or weapon meetings.

Good luck to you all.

ORDER OF THE PARADE

The Parade forms up on the Inspection Line facing the Saluting Dais, in the Order of Precedence shown in the Parade State. The Keepers of the Ground are posted on the perimeter.

The Reviewing Officer, escorted by Ferret Scout Cars of the Rhodesian Armoured Car Regiment (Selous Scouts) arrives and is received with a General Salute. Only the Regimental Colours on Parade are lowered in salute. The lowering of the Queen's Colour is an honour reserved for Royal Personages and certain of H.M. The Queen's representatives.

The Parade Commander invites the Reviewing Officer to inspect the Parade.

The Parade marches past the Reviewing Officer in Slow and Quick Time. As for the General Salute, only the Regimental Colour is allowed to 'fly' during the Salutes on the march.

The Chief of General Staff presents the Federal Prime Minister with a plough and a disc harrow, bought with subscriptions from members of both the Regular and Territorial Forces.

After the presentation, the Chief of General Staff orders "Three Cheers" for Sir Roy Welensky, in which spectators are invited to join.

The massed bands of the 1st Battalion The Kings African Rifles, the 2nd Battalion The Kings African Rifles and the 1st Battalion The Rhodesian African Rifles give a display of marching and counter-marching.

Representative aircraft from each squadron of the Royal Rhodesian Air Force fly past by squadrons.

A General Salute is given to the Reviewing Officer on his departure.

The Colours are marched off the Parade.

The Parade will finally march past the Chief of General Staff and off Parade.

Spectators are requested to stand and gentlemen to remove hats—

When Colours are marched on and off;

When the Colours pass during the March Past and on

The arrival and departure of the Reviewing Officer.

All spectators are requested to remain in their seats until the last troops have left the Parade Ground.

RHODESIA AND NYASALAND CORPS OF ENGINEERS AND RHODESIA AND NYASALAND CORPS OF SIGNALS

Major F. K. Horne, Rhodesia and Nyasaland Engineers

Major P. J. English, Rhodesia and Nyasaland Signals

Warrant Officer (Class I) T. Brider, Rhodesia and Nyasaland Engineers

1ST BATTALION THE KINGS AFRICAN RIFLES

Lieutenant Colonel T. P. J. Lewis

Captain M. C. C. Pritchard

Ensign of the Queen's Colour, Lieutenant A. D. F. Stewart

Ensign of the Regimental Colour, Second Lieutenant T. H. Hammond

Lieutenant (Bandmaster) F. Sutton

Regimental Sergeant Major T. A. Ruane

Regimental Sergeant Major Garnett Kafinya, B.E.M.

2ND BATTALION THE KINGS AFRICAN RIFLES

Lieutenant Colonel T. L. Passaportis

Major R. D. Rowell

Ensign of the Queen's Colour, Lieutenant P. J. E. Hill

Ensign of the Regimental Colour, Second Lieutenant D. I. Pullar

Lieutenant (Bandmaster) L. P. Smith, D.C.M.

Regimental Sergeant Major G. Walsh

Regimental Sergeant Major John Mpopo, B.E.M.

1ST BATTALION THE NORTHERN RHODESIA REGIMENT

Lieutenant Colonel F. D. Slater

Major D. P. Wilcock

Ensign of the Queen's Colour, Lieutenant G. G. Raubenheimer

Ensign of the Regimental Colour, Second Lieutenant I. R. Bate

Regimental Sergeant Major R. H. Hurst

Regimental Sergeant Major Lameck Mbewe, B.E.M.

1ST BATTALION THE RHODESIA AFRICAN RIFLES

Major G. J. Macpherson

Major C. J. Horn

Ensign of the Queen's Colour, Lieutenant M. G. Bowman

Ensign of the Regimental Colour, Lieutenant P. J. E. Hill

Regimental Sergeant Major J. P. H. Fourie

Regimental Sergeant Major Matambo, B.E.M.

1ST BATTALION THE RHODESIAN LIGHT INFANTRY

Lieutenant Colonel R. A. Edwards, D.S.O., M.C.

Major P. A. Conn

Regimental Sergeant Major R. F. Reid-Daly, M.B.E.

"C" SQUADRON THE RHODESIA SPECIAL AIR SERVICE REGIMENT

Major E. W. D. Coventry, Rhodesian Light Infantry

Captain P. S. Rich

Squadron Sergeant Major R. H. G. Standish, B.E.M.

DEPOT THE ROYAL RHODESIA REGIMENT

Lieutenant Colonel J. A. Veitch, Rhodesian African Rifles

Captain E. B. Cutter, Rhodesian African Rifles

Regimental Sergeant Major R. P. Du Preez, Kings African Rifles

THE RHODESIA AND NYASALAND ARMY SERVICES CORPS

Major E. A. Bean

Captain S. H. Forsyth

Warrant Officer (Class I), H. P. Schlachter

THE RHODESIAN ARMoured CAR
REGIMENT (Selous Scouts)



The Selous Scouts were formed in February, 1960, one of the three all-European Regular Force units formed at that time. The unit, which is one squadron strong, is equipped with Ferret Scout Cars and is stationed at Ndola, under the command of Major P. F. Miller.

In 1963, an affiliation with the 11th Hussars was announced and the regiment was permitted to wear the Battle Honour "The Second World War" awarded to the Southern Rhodesia Armoured Car Regiment.

The Regiment which is commanded by Major P. F. Miller is to be disbanded on the dissolution of the Army and the Scout Cars divided between Southern Rhodesia and Northern Rhodesia.



THE RHODESIA AND NYASALAND CORPS OF SIGNALS

The Rhodesia and Nyasaland Corps of Signals succeeded the Southern Rhodesia Signal Corps in 1957. The Corps is responsible for all communications within the Army, except internal unit communications, and for the maintenance and repair of all signal equipment in the Army.

The Corps consists of—

REGULAR FORCE

No. 2 and 4 (Lines of Communication) Signal Squadron and the School of Signals, which comprise both European and African personnel.

TERRITORIAL FORCE

No. 5 and 6 Signal Squadrons.

The Corps will revert to the Southern Rhodesia Order of Battle. Elements of Signals will be included in the Northern Rhodesia Order of Battle. The Director of Signals is Lieutenant Colonel D. H. Grainger, O.B.E., E.D.



THE FIRST BATTALION KINGS AFRICAN RIFLES CENTRAL AFRICA RIFLES

The first levies of this battalion were raised from the Atonga at the end of the nineteenth century for the purpose of suppressing the slave trading of the Yaos. Further companies of Anyanja and Yao were soon added. At this time, the regiment was designated the "The Central Africa Regiment" but this title was changed to "Kings African Rifles" in 1901. Instruction in the early days was carried out by Sikh non-commissioned officers, a photograph of one of whom appears on this page.

The battalion took part in the quelling of the Ashanti rising, in 1900. It subsequently served with distinction in both world wars, seeing active service in Somaliland, Abyssinia, Madagascar and Burma. Since World War II the battalion has seen active service in Malaya.

In 1957 the Regiment was re-designated "Kings African Rifles (Central Africa Rifles)".

This battalion which is commanded by Lieutenant Colonel T. P. J. Lewis will remain in Nyasaland after the dissolution of the Federation.



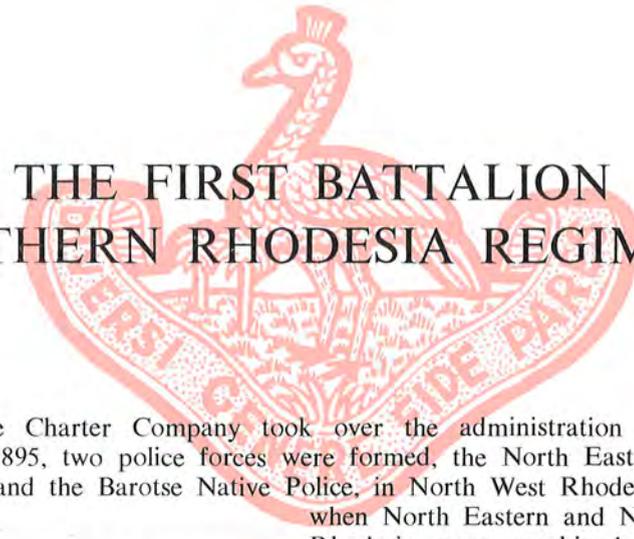
THE SECOND BATTALION KING'S AFRICAN RIFLES CENTRAL AFRICA RIFLES



This battalion's history is closely allied to that of the First Battalion. It was formed in 1899, with the nucleus of its first companies provided by the First Battalion. It served with distinction in the same theatres as its older sister. On the dissolution, this battalion will become the Second Battalion of the Northern Rhodesia Regiment; because of this, its Colours, shown on this page, are to be "laid up" in Zomba before the battalion rebadges in January, 1964. The battalion is commanded by Lieutenant Colonel T. L. Passaportis.



THE FIRST BATTALION NORTHERN RHODESIA REGIMENT



When the Charter Company took over the administration of Northern Rhodesia in 1895, two police forces were formed, the North Eastern Rhodesia Constabulary and the Barotse Native Police, in North West Rhodesia. In 1911, when North Eastern and North Western Rhodesia were combined, these police forces combined to form the Northern Rhodesia Police. This force consisted of a small section of Town and District Police and a larger military company.

The military branch saw active service throughout the 1914-18 War. In April, 1932, the police and military branches split and the title "Northern Rhodesia Regiment" was adopted a year later. The Regiment saw service in the Second World War in Africa and Burma, and in Malaya since the war.

The Battalion is stationed near Ndola and is commanded by Lieutenant Colonel F. D. Slater. It will return to the Northern Rhodesia Order of Battle on the dissolution of the Federation.





THE FIRST BATTALION RHODESIAN AFRICAN RIFLES

In May, 1940, it was decided to form an African Regiment in the Colony of Southern Rhodesia, just as it had the Rhodesian Native Regiment in the 1914-18 War.

The Battalion first saw active service in Burma, during the Second World War. It went to Egypt in 1952, in a General Duties capacity, and after retraining went to Malaya, on active service, in 1956.

In 1952, Her Majesty The Queen approved that the Regiment should succeed to the Battle Honours of the Rhodesia Native Regiment, which are now emblazoned on its Colours, with the Battle Honours awarded to the Regiment in the Second World War.

The Regiment, which is stationed in Bulawayo, will return to the Southern Rhodesia Order of Battle. It is commanded by Lieutenant Colonel S. B. Comberbach.



THE FIRST BATTALION RHODESIAN LIGHT INFANTRY

The Regiment was formed at Bulawayo on the 1st February, 1960, and is the first Regular European battalion ever to be formed in the Federation. The Badge of the Regiment is a silver lion and tusk, surmounted by a crown above a Light Infantry bugle.

The Battalion moved to a new barracks in Salisbury in October, 1961.

This unit is commanded by Lieutenant Colonel R. A. Edwards, D.S.O., M.C., and will become part of the Southern Rhodesia Order of Battle on the dissolution of the Federation.



THE ROYAL RHODESIA REGIMENT



The Regiment is represented today by Depot, The Royal Rhodesia Regiment. Its history dated to the 1890 Pioneer Column which consisted of the Pioneer Corps and the British South Africa Company Police.

The Pioneer Corps became the military ancestors of various volunteer units which, after taking part in the Matabele War of 1893 and the Rebellion of 1896, gave rise to the Southern Rhodesia Volunteers. From these volunteers a unit, the Rhodesia Regiment, was formed, for service in the South African War of 1899-1902, where it assisted in the Relief of Mafeking and took part in the Elands River Battle.

During World War I, the Regiment served in South West Africa and Tanganyika. The Colours and Battle Honours of these regiments were transferred to the present regiment in 1927.

During the Second World War, personnel of the Regiment were drafted into the British Army and Colonial Units and saw service in every theatre of war. In recognition of this world wide service and the war service of earlier Rhodesia Regiments His Majesty King George VI conferred the title "Royal" on the Regiment in 1947.

The Regiment has nine battalions, four of which are "Active" and the remainder Reserve battalions. The Battalions in Southern Rhodesia remain on the new Order of Battle. After the 31st May, 1964, service in the Northern Rhodesia Territorial Force will be non-racial and on a voluntary basis.



RHODESIA AND NYASALAND CHAPLAINS DEPARTMENT

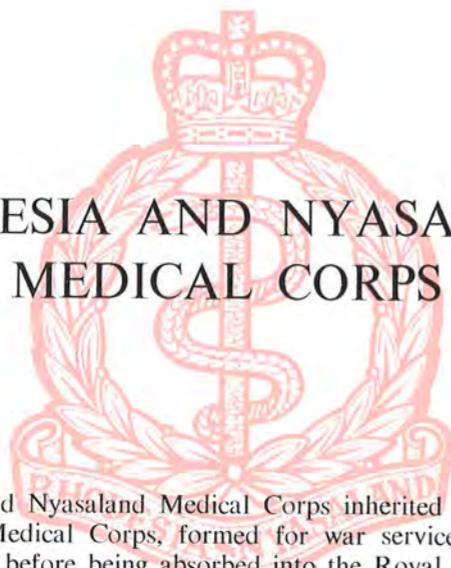


The Chaplains Department cares for the spiritual needs of servicemen, their wives and families. Chaplains cover the Church of England, Roman Catholic, Dutch Reformed and Free Church Denominations.

Catechists work amongst African personnel in the Battalions, and a large number of Officiating Chaplains are always available to those who require guidance and advice on any problem. The Deputy Assistant Chaplain General is Major (Rev.) B. Nisbet, M.A., B.D.



RHODESIA AND NYASALAND MEDICAL CORPS



The Rhodesia and Nyasaland Medical Corps inherited its tradition from the Southern Rhodesia Medical Corps, formed for war service in 1939, and which served in East Africa before being absorbed into the Royal Army Medical Corps. The Southern Rhodesia Medical Corps was revived after the war as a Territorial Force Unit, with companies in Salisbury and Bulawayo. It was placed in 'cold storage' in 1957.

The Rhodesia and Nyasaland Medical Corps was gazetted as a Regular Corps of the Federal Army on 8 February, 1957, and was affiliated to the Royal Army Medical Corps in December, 1957. It was greatly honoured in May, 1960, when, in Salisbury, H.M. The Queen Mother presented to the Corps an historic Royal Army Medical Corps sword, dating back to June 23, 1898.

The task of the Corps is to supply medical and health services to Regular members of the Federal Army and Royal Rhodesian Air Force, and their dependants.

In addition, the re-embodied Southern Rhodesia Medical Corps Territorial Force Medical Officers and Other Ranks, are part of the Corps and are permanently attached to Territorial Force Battalions, for whom they supply medical facilities during training periods or on operations.

The Corps will continue in its task of medical care for the new Southern Rhodesian Army and Air Force. The Deputy Director of Medical Services is Colonel R. H. Bathgate-Johnston, T.D.



THE RHODESIA AND NYASALAND ARMY SERVICES CORPS



The Rhodesia and Nyasaland Army Services Corps provides the Army's material needs and is divided into three main branches—

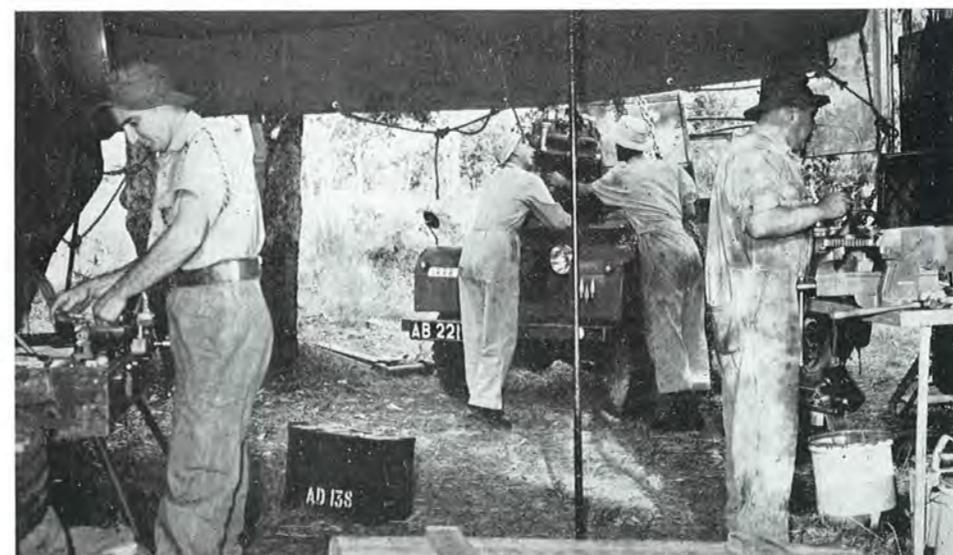
Ordnance and Supply (Regular Force)—is concerned with the provision and control of all Army supplies and equipment;

Workshop (Regular Force)—maintain and repair the vehicles, weapons and instruments in use in the Army. The Workshops' staff are all qualified tradesmen;

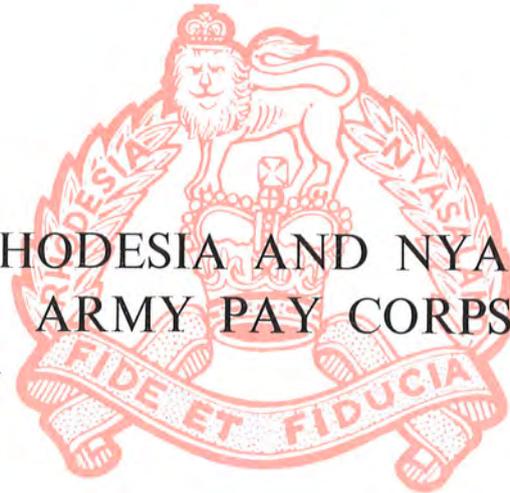
Supply and Transport (Regular and Territorial Force)—embodies a regular Askari Platoon and two Territorial Force Coloured Afro-Asian and Eurasian Platoons. There is also a Territorial Force Air Supply Unit, to assist in supporting Units in the field.

Various Territorial Force elements support the Ordnance and Workshop Units.

The Corps will continue to form part of the Southern Rhodesia Order of Battle. The Director Army Services Corps is Lieutenant Colonel F. A. Amos.



THE RHODESIA AND NYASALAND ARMY PAY CORPS



Whatever their role in the Army, all soldiers must be paid, and the Pay Corps issues and accounts for all military pay and allowances. To fulfil this task, No. 1 Pay Unit provides the staff of the main Pay Office and unit paymasters and clerks in each unit. It has a Territorial Force element to augment the Regular Unit.

The Corps also maintains all Regular, Territorial and Reserve personnel records; No. 1 Records Unit is staffed by members of the Rhodesia and Nyasaland Infantry, attached for this purpose. In all, some 200,000 personal records and pay accounts are maintained.

A number of personnel files will be returned to Northern Rhodesia and Nyasaland, which will maintain pay and records elements. The Corps will revert to the Southern Rhodesia Order of Battle. The Chief Paymaster is Lieutenant Colonel V. T. Bratton.



RHODESIA AND NYASALAND ARMY EDUCATIONAL CORPS



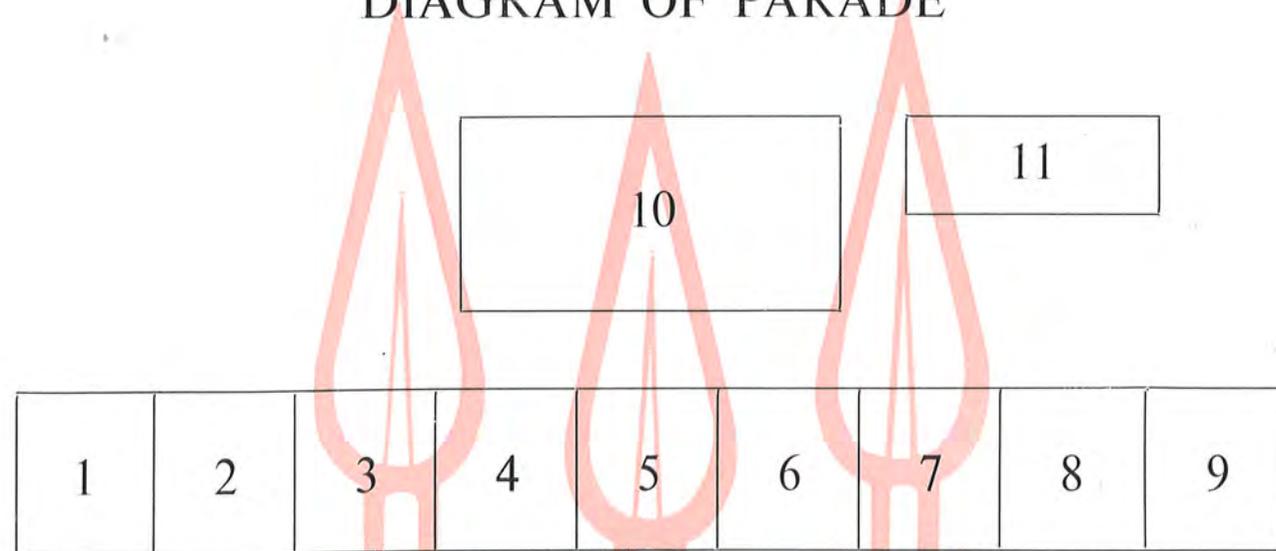
Formed in July, 1961, from the Education Branch of the Rhodesia and Nyasaland Corps of Infantry, the Corps is responsible for the Education of all Askari and their children, at primary level.

Under the auspices of the Corps there are children's Schools and Unit Education Centres in all African Units. The Depot Rhodesia and Nyasaland Army Education Corps at Inkomo Garrison undertakes the specialist training of clerks and educational instructors and the education of the Junior Leader Unit at Secondary level.

The Corps will continue to provide this service for the Southern Rhodesia Army, with the exception of the Junior Leader Unit, which is to be discontinued. The Director of Army Education is Major E. G. Thomas.



DIAGRAM OF PARADE



1. Rhodesia and Nyasaland Corps of Engineers
Rhodesia and Nyasaland Corps of Signals
2. 1st Battalion, The King's African Rifles
3. 2nd Battalion, The King's African Rifles
4. 1st Battalion, The Northern Rhodesia Regiment
5. 1st Battalion, The Rhodesian African Rifles
6. 1st Battalion, Rhodesian Light Infantry
7. 'C' Squadron, Rhodesian Special Air Service Regiment
8. Depot, The Royal Rhodesia Regiment
9. Rhodesia and Nyasaland Army Services Corps
10. Massed Bands and Drums—
1st Battalion, The King's African Rifles,
2nd Battalion, The King's African Rifles,
1st Battalion, The Rhodesian African Rifles.
11. Escort — Rhodesian Armoured Car Regiment
(Selous Scouts)

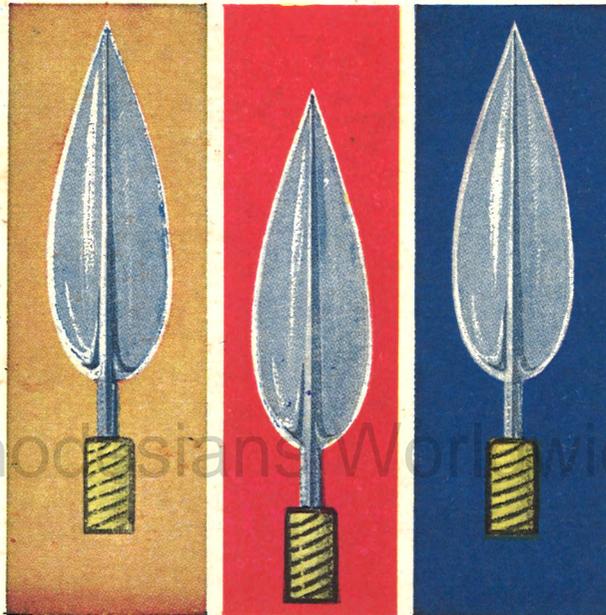
Programme of Music

1. *March On:*
"Imperial Echoes" — Safroni
2. *March on the Colours:*
"British Grenadiers" — Traditional
3. *Arrival and departure of the Reviewing Officer:*
"General Salute"
4. *Inspection Music:*
"Pageantry" — Stanley
"Scipio" — Handel
"May Blossom" — Weir
5. *March Past:*
 - a. *Slow Time:*
"Grenadiers" — arr Harris
 - b. *Quick Time:*
Unit Regimental Marches—
Rhodesia and Nyasaland Corps of Engineers—
"Wings"
Rhodesia and Nyasaland Corps of Signals—
"Begone dull care"
1st Battalion, The King's African Rifles—
"Poyamba"
2nd Battalion, The King's African Rifles—
"Tili Kuyenda"
1st Battalion, The Northern Rhodesia Regiment—
"The Crested Crane"
1st Battalion, The Rhodesian African Rifles—
"Sweet Bananas"
1st Battalion, The Rhodesian Light Infantry—
"When the Saints go marching in"
'C' Squadron, The Rhodesian Special Air Service Regiment—
"Marche des Parachutistes Belges"
Depot, The Royal Rhodesia Regiment—
"Rhodesians Bold"
Rhodesia and Nyasaland Medical Corps—
"Her's a Health unto His Majesty"
Rhodesia and Nyasaland Army Services Corps—
"Wait for the Waggon"
Rhodesia and Nyasaland Army Pay Corps—
"Primrose and Blue"
6. *March off the Colours:*
"British Grenadiers" — Traditional
7. *March off:*
"The Middy" — Alford
"Auld Lang Syne" — Traditional
"Ngoma" — Traditional African

Rhodesians Worldwide

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THE
RHODESIA AND NYASALAND
ARMY BADGE



Each Assegai in this badge represents one of the Territories of the Federation. On the dissolution of the Federation the badge will no longer be applicable and each Army will adopt its own badge.